



Cyberscope

Audit Report

JOJO

Aug 2023

Network BSC

Address 0xb4303e22cb305008efee6a26218f6f376fa4cf9a

Audited by © cyberscope

Analysis

● Critical ● Medium ● Minor / Informative ● Pass

Severity	Code	Description	Status
●	ST	Stops Transactions	Passed
●	OTUT	Transfers User's Tokens	Passed
●	ELFM	Exceeds Fees Limit	Passed
●	MT	Mints Tokens	Passed
●	BT	Burns Tokens	Passed
●	BC	Blacklists Addresses	Passed

Diagnostics

● Critical ● Medium ● Minor / Informative

Severity	Code	Description	Status
●	PDIF	Potential DAO Interaction Failure	Unresolved
●	RVA	Redundant Variable Assignment	Unresolved
●	IDI	Immutable Declaration Improvement	Unresolved

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Review

Contract Name	BEP20Standard
Compiler Version	v0.5.16+commit.9c3226ce
Optimization	200 runs
Explorer	https://bscscan.com/address/0xb4303e22cb305008efee6a26218f6f376fa4cf9a
Address	0xb4303e22cb305008efee6a26218f6f376fa4cf9a
Network	BSC
Symbol	JOJO
Decimals	9
Total Supply	21,000,000,000

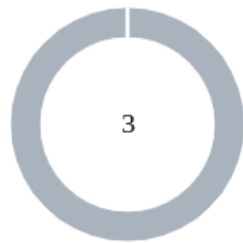
Audit Updates

Initial Audit	02 Aug 2023
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Source Files

Filename	SHA256
BEP20Standard.sol	a56f74bbe7d2f2e0cc0edd7e770afdb107d382edea9fc85b0a5371053ce9462b

Findings Breakdown



Critical	0
Medium	0
Minor / Informative	3

Severity	Unresolved	Acknowledged	Resolved	Other
Critical	0	0	0	0
Medium	0	0	0	0
Minor / Informative	3	0	0	0

PDIF - Potential DAO Interaction Failure

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	BEP20Standard.sol#L183
Status	Unresolved

Description

The contract implements an `approve` function which sets an allowance for a given spender. However, the function contains a `require` statement that requires the `amount` to be approved is either zero or the user has not previously set an allowance for the specified `spender`. This design can introduce complications when interacting with other Decentralized Autonomous Organizations (DAOs), such as presale contracts. Specifically, if a user has already executed an approve action and later attempts to modify the approved amount, the function will revert due to the aforementioned requirement. This implementation can hinder the ability to adjust allowances dynamically, potentially leading to failed interactions with other DAOs.

```
function approve(address spender, uint256 amount) public returns
(bool) {
    require(amount == 0 || _allowances[_msgSender()][spender] == 0,
"BEP20: approve non-zero allowance");
    _approve(_msgSender(), spender, amount);
    return true;
}
```

Recommendation

It is recommended to modify the `approve` function to allow users to adjust their allowances without the restrictive condition. This can be achieved by removing or altering the `require` statement. By doing so, the contract will offer greater flexibility and compatibility, ensuring smoother interactions with other DAOs and systems that might need dynamic allowance adjustments.

RVA - Redundant Variable Assignment

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	BEP20Standard.sol#L136,143
Status	Unresolved

Description

There are code segments that could be optimized. A segment may be optimized so that it becomes a smaller size, consumes less memory, executes more rapidly, or performs fewer operations.

The contract initializes the private variable `_maxSupply` within its constructor function. However this variable is neither utilized in any of the contract's functions nor accessed externally. Consequently, `_maxSupply` serves no functional purpose within the contract and is redundant.

```
uint256 private _maxSupply;  
  
constructor() public {  
    ...  
    _maxSupply = 21000000000 * (10 ** uint256(_decimals));  
    ...  
}
```

Recommendation

The team is advised to take these segments into consideration and rewrite them so the runtime will be more performant. That way it will improve the efficiency and performance of the source code and reduce the cost of executing it.

It is recommended to remove the `_maxSupply` variable from the contract to simplify the codebase and reduce potential areas of confusion.

IDI - Immutable Declaration Improvement

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	BEP20Standard.sol#L139,140,141,142,143
Status	Unresolved

Description

The contract declares state variables that their value is initialized once in the constructor and are not modified afterwards. The `immutable` is a special declaration for this kind of state variables that saves gas when it is defined.

```
_name  
_symbol  
_decimals  
_totalSupply  
_maxSupply
```

Recommendation

By declaring a variable as immutable, the Solidity compiler is able to make certain optimizations. This can reduce the amount of storage and computation required by the contract, and make it more gas-efficient.

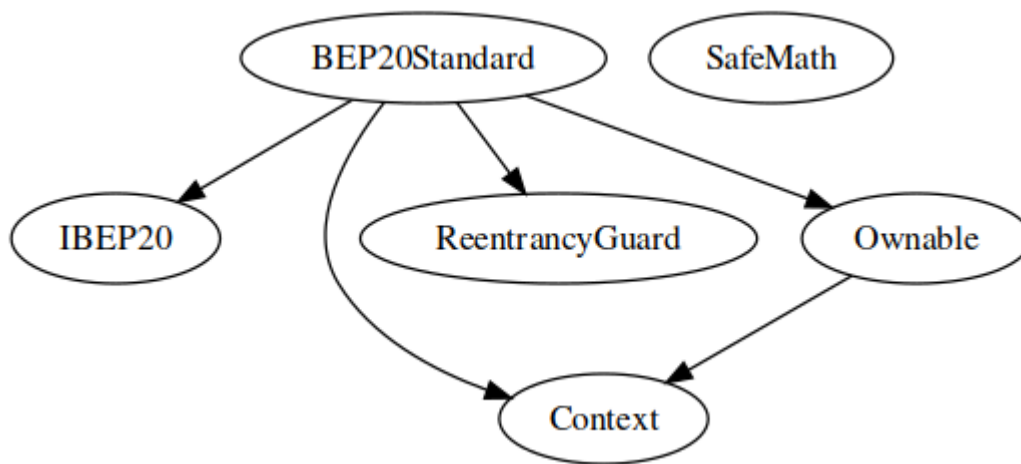
Functions Analysis

Contract	Type	Bases		
	Function Name	Visibility	Mutability	Modifiers
IBEP20	Interface			
	totalSupply	External		-
	decimals	External		-
	symbol	External		-
	name	External		-
	getOwner	External		-
	balanceOf	External		-
	transfer	External	✓	-
	allowance	External		-
	approve	External	✓	-
	transferFrom	External	✓	-
Context	Implementation			
		Internal	✓	
	_msgSender	Internal		
	_msgData	Internal		
SafeMath	Library			

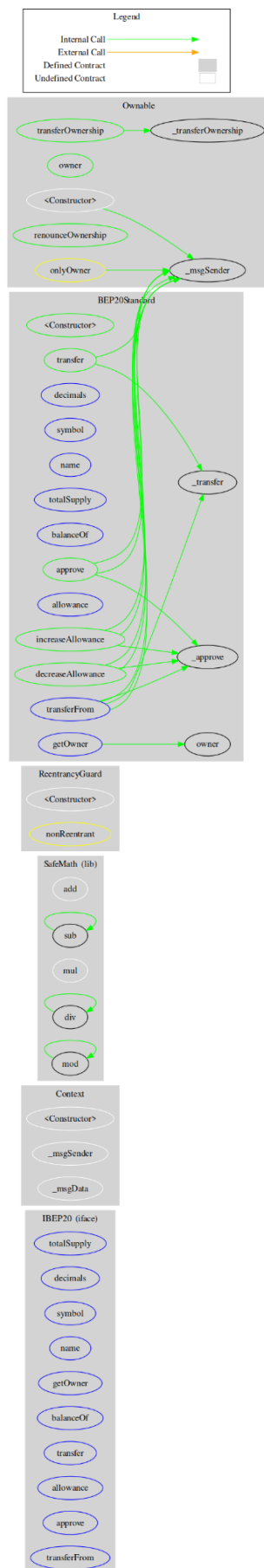
	add	Internal		
	sub	Internal		
	sub	Internal		
	mul	Internal		
	div	Internal		
	div	Internal		
	mod	Internal		
	mod	Internal		
ReentrancyGuard	Implementation			
		Internal	✓	
Ownable	Implementation	Context		
		Internal	✓	
	owner	Public		-
	renounceOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	transferOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	_transferOwnership	Internal	✓	
BEP20Standard	Implementation	Context, IBEP20, Ownable, ReentrancyGuard		
		Public	✓	-
	getOwner	External		-

	decimals	External		-
	symbol	External		-
	name	External		-
	totalSupply	External		-
	balanceOf	External		-
	transfer	Public	✓	nonReentrant
	allowance	External		-
	approve	Public	✓	-
	transferFrom	External	✓	nonReentrant
	increaseAllowance	Public	✓	-
	decreaseAllowance	Public	✓	-
	_transfer	Internal	✓	
	_approve	Internal	✓	

Inheritance Graph



Flow Graph



Summary

JOJO contract implements a token mechanism. This audit investigates security issues, business logic concerns and potential improvements. JOJO is an interesting project that has a friendly and growing community. The Smart Contract analysis reported no compiler error or critical issues. The contract Owner can access some admin functions that can not be used in a malicious way to disturb the users' transactions.

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Cyberscope is one of the leading smart contract audit firms in the crypto space and has built a high-profile network of clients and partners.



The Cyberscope team

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