Cyberscope

Audit Report

ShieldDAO Token

August 2022

Type	BEP20
Network	BSC
Address	0x0765797650e2d13EEaC723Bc31a11929EB1a664b
Audited by	© cyberscope

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Contract Review

Contract Name	SDD
Compiler Version	v0.8.7+commit.e28d00a7
Optimization	200 runs
Licence	MIT
Explorer	https://bscscan.com/token/0x0765797650e2d13EEaC723Bc31a11929EB1a664b
Symbol	SDD
Decimals	9
Total Supply	300,000
Domain	https://www.shielddao.financial

Source Files

Filename	**SHA256**
contract.sol	dbe5e98cc115a3bba818ebfc07a2c1d84506faadaa3984d66781a35fa239ba8f

Audit Updates

Initial Audit	18th July 2022
Corrected Phase 1	23rd July 2022
Corrected Phase 2	20th August 2022

Contract Analysis



Severity	Code	Description	Status
●	ST	Stops Transactions	Passed
●	OCTD	Transfers Contract's Tokens	Passed
●	OTUT	Transfers User's Tokens	Unresolved
●	ELFM	Exceeds Fees Limit	Passed
●	ULTW	Transfers Liquidity to Team Wallet	Unresolved
●	MT	Mints Tokens	Passed
●	BT	Burns Tokens	Passed
●	BC	Blacklists Addresses	Passed

OTUT - Contract Owner has the authority to transfer the user's tokens

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L332
Status	Unresolved

Description

The contract owner has the authority to transfer the balance of a user’s contract to the owner’s contract. The owner may take advantage of it by calling the `claimToken` function.

```
function claimToken(address token, uint256 amount) public {
       IERC20(token).transfer(FundAddress, amount);
}
```

Recommendation

The team should carefully manage the private keys of the owner’s account. We strongly recommend a powerful security mechanism that will prevent a single user from accessing the contract admin functions. That risk can be prevented by temporarily locking the contract or renouncing ownership.

ULTW - Contract Owner has the authority to increase the amount of liquidity taken by dev wallet more than a reasonable percent

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L328
Status	Unresolved

Description

The contract owner has the authority to transfer funds without limit to the team wallet. These funds have been accumulated from fees collected from the contract. The owner may take advantage of it by calling the `claimBalance` .

```
function claimBalance() public {
        payable(FundAddress).transfer(address(this).balance);
}
```

Recommendation

The contract could embody a check for the maximum amount of funds that can be swapped. Since a huge amount may volatile the token's price.

The team should carefully manage the private keys of the owner's account. We strongly recommend a powerful security mechanism that will prevent a single user from accessing the contract admin functions. That risk can be prevented by temporarily locking the contract or renouncing ownership.

Contract Diagnostics

Critical Medium Minor

Severity	Code	Description	Status
	STC	Succeeded Transfer Check	Unresolved
	L01	Public Function could be Declared External	Unresolved
	L02	State Variables could be Declared Constant	Unresolved
	L04	Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions	Unresolved
	L14	Uninitialized Variables in Local Scope	Unresolved

STC - Succeeded Transfer Check

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L333
Status	Unresolved

Description

According to the ERC20 specification, the transfer methods should be checked if the result is successful. Otherwise, the contract may wrongly assume that the transfer has been established.

```
IERC20(token).transfer(FundAddress, amount);
```

Recommendation

The contract should check if the result of the transfer methods is successful.

L01 - Public Function could be Declared External

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L219,324,99,228,237,90,328,104,206,210
Status	Unresolved

Description

Public functions that are never called by the contract should be declared external to save gas.

```
allowance
claimBalance
renounceOwnership
approve
transferFrom
owner
claimToken
transferOwnership
balanceOf
...
```

Recommendation

Use the external attribute for functions never called from the contract.

L02 - State Variables could be Declared Constant

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L122
Status	Unresolved

Description

Constant state variables should be declared constant to save gas.

```
fee
```

Recommendation

Add the constant attribute to state variables that never change.

L04 - Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L125,131,124
Status	Unresolved

Description

Solidity defines a naming convention that should be followed. Rule exceptions:

- Allow constant variable name/symbol/decimals to be lowercase.
- Allow _ at the beginning of the mixed_case match for private variables and unused parameters.

```
FundAddress
_swapRouter
FeeAddress
```

Recommendation

Follow the Solidity naming convention.
https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.4.25/style-guide.html#naming-conventions.

L14 - Uninitialized Variables in Local Scope

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L291
Status	Unresolved

Description

The are variables that are defined in the local scope and are not initialized.

```
feeAmount
```

Recommendation

All the local scoped variables should be initialized.

Contract Functions

Contract	Type	Bases		
	Function Name	**Visibility**	**Mutability**	**Modifiers**
IERC20	Interface			
	decimals	External		-
	symbol	External		-
	name	External		-
	totalSupply	External		-
	balanceOf	External		-
	transfer	External	✓	-
	allowance	External		-
	approve	External	✓	-
	transferFrom	External	✓	-
ISwapRouter	Interface			
	factory	External		-
	swapExactTokensForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens	External	✓	-
	addLiquidity	External	✓	-
ISwapFactory	Interface			
	createPair	External	✓	-
Ownable	Implementation			
	<Constructor>	Public	✓	-
	owner	Public		-
	renounceOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	transferOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
AbsToken	Implementation	IERC20, Ownable		
	<Constructor>	Public	✓	-

	symbol	External		-
	name	External		-
	decimals	External		-
	totalSupply	External		-
	balanceOf	Public		-
	transfer	Public	✓	-
	allowance	Public		-
	approve	Public	✓	-
	transferFrom	Public	✓	-
	_approve	Private	✓	
	_transfer	Private	✓	
	_tokenTransfer	Private	✓	
	_takeTransfer	Private	✓	
	<Receive Ether>	External	Payable	-
	setFeeWhiteList	External	✓	onlyOwner
	isFeeWhiteList	External		-
	claimBalance	Public	✓	-
	claimToken	Public	✓	-
SDD	Implementation	AbsToken		
	<Constructor>	Public	✓	AbsToken

Contract Flow



Domain

Domain Name	shielddao.financial
Registry Domain ID	515e85c778ba473595d63f205b5456f9-DONUTS
Creation Date	2022-06-28T08:00:31Z
Updated Date	2022-07-03T08:01:03Z
Registry Expiry Date	2023-06-28T08:00:31Z
Registrar WHOIS Server	whois.godaddy.com/
Registrar URL	http://www.godaddy.com/domains/search.aspx?ci=8990
Registrar	GoDaddy.com, LLC
Registrar IANA ID	146

The domain was created 11 months before the creation of the audit.

There is no public billing information, the creator is protected by the privacy settings.

Summary

There are some functions that can be abused by the owner like transferring the user's tokens and transferring funds to the team’s wallet. A multi-wallet signing pattern will provide security against potential hacks. Temporarily locking the contract or renouncing ownership will eliminate all the contract threats. The fees are fixed to 3%.

Disclaimer

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The Cyberscope team

https://www.cyberscope.io

Cyberscope

Audit Report

ShieldDAO Token

July 2022

Github	https://github.com/shielddaodapp/ShieldDao-Contracts
File	contracts/TimeERC20Token.sol
Commit	6f12869de64b26f3a68fc4e2bd7717790e63cdb2
Audited by	© cyberscope

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Contract Review

Contract Name	TimeERC20Token
Compiler Version	v0.8.12+commit.f00d7308
Github	https://github.com/shielddaodapp/ShieldDao-Contracts
File	contracts/TimeERC20Token.sol
Commit	6f12869de64b26f3a68fc4e2bd7717790e63cdb2
Test Deploy	https://testnet.bscscan.com/token/0x78d893ccC7c80F3Fbc8Ac0B82Ab7D4C6B6415373
Symbol	SDD
Decimals	9

Source Files

Filename	SHA256
contract.sol	a30a0d8ed9d489e82c8a838068603c617c4977396d1538257358c9cecf170c2a

Audit Updates

Initial Audit	18th July 2022
Corrected	

Contract Analysis

Critical Medium Minor Pass

Severity	Code	Description
●	ST	Contract Owner is not able to stop or pause transactions
●	OCTD	Contract Owner is not able to transfer tokens from specific address
●	OTUT	Owner Transfer User's Tokens
●	ELFM	Contract Owner is not able to increase fees more than a reasonable percent (25%)
●	ULTW	Contract Owner is not able to increase the amount of liquidity taken by dev wallet more than a reasonable percent
●	MT	Contract Owner is not able to mint new tokens
●	BT	Contract Owner is not able to burn tokens from specific wallet
●	BC	Contract Owner is not able to blacklist wallets from selling

MT - Mint Tokens

Criticality	critical
Location	contract.sol#L411

Description

The ‘vault’ role has the authority to mint tokens. The ‘vault’ role may take advantage of it by calling the `mint` function. As a result the contract tokens will be highly inflated.

```
    function mint(address account_, uint256 amount_) external onlyVault() {
        _mint(account_, amount_);
    }
```

Recommendation

The owner and the ‘vault’ role should carefully manage the credentials of the owner’s account. We state that the owner privileges are necessary and required for proper protocol operations. Thus, we emphasise the contract owner to be extra careful with the credentials. We advised considering an extra-strong security mechanism that the actions may be quarantined by many users instead of one. The owner could also renounce the contract ownership for a period of time or pass the access to the zero address.

Contract Diagnostics

Critical Medium Minor

Severity	Code	Description
	L01	Public Function could be Declared External
	L02	State Variables could be Declared Constant
	L04	Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions
	L09	Dead Code Elimination

L01 - Public Function could be Declared External

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L158,162,166,170,174,187,192,199,204,312,335,359,368,373,392

Description

Public functions that are never called by the contract should be declared external to save gas.

```
vault
transferOwnership
renounceOwnership
owner
nonces
permit
decreaseAllowance
increaseAllowance
transferFrom
...
```

Recommendation

Use the external attribute for functions never called from the contract.

L02 - State Variables could be Declared Constant

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L146,144

Description

Constant state variables should be declared constant to save gas.

```
otherFee
baseAmount
```

Recommendation

Add the constant attribute to state variables that never change.

L04 - Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L127,130,133,136,139,142,293,350,382

Description

Solidity defines a naming convention that should be followed. Rule exceptions:

- Allow constant variable name/symbol/decimals to be lowercase.
- Allow _ at the beginning of the mixed_case match for private variables and unused parameters.

```
_vault
_owner
DOMAIN_SEPARATOR
_decimals
_symbol
_name
_totalSupply
_allowances
_balances
```

Recommendation

Follow the Solidity naming convention.
https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.4.25/style-guide.html#naming-conventions.

L09 - Dead Code Elimination

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L265

Description

Functions that are not used in the contract, and make the code's size bigger.

```
decrement
```

Recommendation

Remove unused functions.

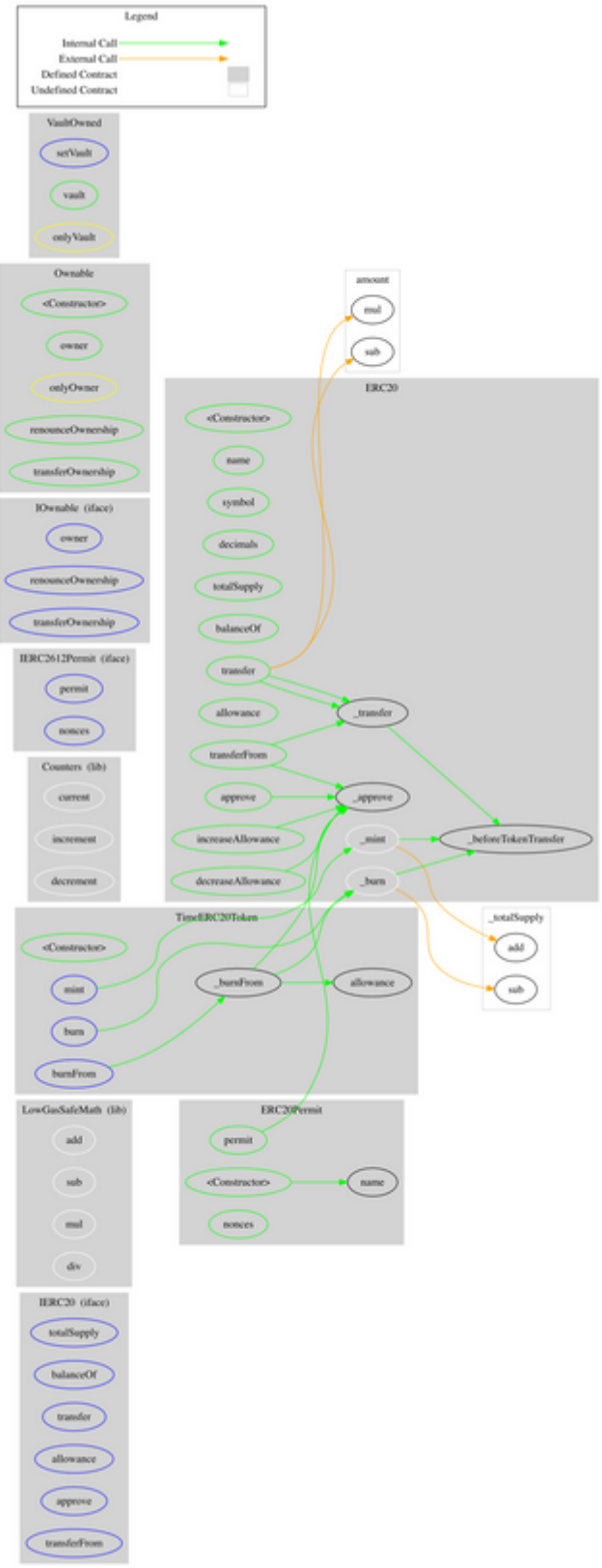
Contract Functions

Contract	Type	Bases		
	Function Name	**Visibility**	**Mutability**	**Modifiers**
IERC20	Interface			
	totalSupply	External		-
	balanceOf	External		-
	transfer	External	✓	-
	allowance	External		-
	approve	External	✓	-
	transferFrom	External	✓	-
LowGasSafeMath	Library			
	add	Internal		
	sub	Internal		
	mul	Internal		
	div	Internal		
	add	Internal		
	sub	Internal		
ERC20	Implementation	IERC20		
	<Constructor>	Public	✓	-
	name	Public		-
	symbol	Public		-
	decimals	Public		-
	totalSupply	Public		-
	balanceOf	Public		-
	transfer	Public	✓	-
	allowance	Public		-
	approve	Public	✓	-
	transferFrom	Public	✓	-
	increaseAllowance	Public	✓	-

	decreaseAllowance	Public	✓	-
	_transfer	Internal	✓	
	_mint	Internal	✓	
	_burn	Internal	✓	
	_approve	Internal	✓	
	_beforeTokenTransfer	Internal	✓	
Counters	Library			
	current	Internal		
	increment	Internal	✓	
	decrement	Internal	✓	
IERC2612Permit	Interface			
	permit	External	✓	-
	nonces	External		-
ERC20Permit	Implementation	ERC20, IERC2612Permit		
	<Constructor>	Public	✓	-
	permit	Public	✓	-
	nonces	Public		-
IOwnable	Interface			
	owner	External		-
	renounceOwnership	External	✓	-
	transferOwnership	External	✓	-
Ownable	Implementation	IOwnable		
	<Constructor>	Public	✓	-
	owner	Public		-
	renounceOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	transferOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
VaultOwned	Implementation	Ownable		

	setVault	External	✓	onlyOwner
	vault	Public		-
TimeERC20Token	Implementation	ERC20Permit, VaultOwned		
	<Constructor>	Public	✓	ERC20
	mint	External	✓	onlyVault
	burn	External	✓	-
	burnFrom	External	✓	-
	_burnFrom	Internal	✓	

Contract Flow



Summary

The Smart Contract analysis reported one critical severity issue. The contract owner has the authority to mint tokens. If the contract owner abuses the mint functionality, then the contract will be highly inflated.We state that the owner privileges are necessary and required for proper protocol operations. Thus, we emphasise the contract owner to be extra careful with the credentials. A multi-wallet signing pattern will provide security against potential hacks. Temporarily locking the contract or renouncing ownership will eliminate all the contract threats. The fees are fixed to 3%.

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ShieldDAO Token

July 2022

Address	0xe1fcbd6d4118c1cd171a1ae782e35086ba57c6d6
Network	BSC
Audited by	© cyberscope

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Contract Review

Contract Name	TimeERC20Token
Compiler Version	v0.8.12+commit.f00d7308
Optimization	200 runs
Licence	MIT
Explorer	https://bscscan.com/token/0xe1fcbd6d4118c1cd171a1ae782e35086ba57c6d6
Symbol	SDD
Decimals	9
Total Supply	300,000
Domain	shielddao.financial

Source Files

Filename	**SHA256**
contract.sol	ebbdb2420ca0fc8febf0d1873af988054fd58eafba15d1b083adf0c61c0089c9

Audit Updates

Initial Audit	18th July 2022
Corrected	23rd July 2022

Contract Analysis

Critical Medium Minor Pass

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●	BT	Contract Owner is not able to burn tokens from specific wallet
●	BC	Contract Owner is not able to blacklist wallets from selling

MT - Mint Tokens

Criticality	critical
Location	contract.sol#L411

Description

The ‘vault’ role has the authority to mint tokens. The ‘vault’ role may take advantage of it by calling the `mint` function. As a result the contract tokens will be highly inflated.

```
    function mint(address account_, uint256 amount_) external onlyVault() {
        _mint(account_, amount_);
    }
```

Recommendation

The owner and the ‘vault’ role should carefully manage the credentials of the owner’s account. We state that the owner privileges are necessary and required for proper protocol operations. Thus, we emphasise the contract owner to be extra careful with the credentials. We advised considering an extra-strong security mechanism that the actions may be quarantined by many users instead of one. The owner could also renounce the contract ownership for a period of time or pass the access to the zero address.

Contract Diagnostics

Critical Medium Minor

Severity	Code	Description
	L01	Public Function could be Declared External
	L02	State Variables could be Declared Constant
	L04	Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions
	L09	Dead Code Elimination

L01 - Public Function could be Declared External

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L158,162,166,170,174,187,192,199,204,312,335,359,368,373,392

Description

Public functions that are never called by the contract should be declared external to save gas.

```
vault
transferOwnership
renounceOwnership
owner
nonces
permit
decreaseAllowance
increaseAllowance
transferFrom
...
```

Recommendation

Use the external attribute for functions never called from the contract.

L02 - State Variables could be Declared Constant

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L146,144

Description

Constant state variables should be declared constant to save gas.

```
otherFee
baseAmount
```

Recommendation

Add the constant attribute to state variables that never change.

L04 - Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L127,130,133,136,139,142,293,350,382

Description

Solidity defines a naming convention that should be followed. Rule exceptions:

- Allow constant variable name/symbol/decimals to be lowercase.
- Allow _ at the beginning of the mixed_case match for private variables and unused parameters.

```
_vault
_owner
DOMAIN_SEPARATOR
_decimals
_symbol
_name
_totalSupply
_allowances
_balances
```

Recommendation

Follow the Solidity naming convention.
https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.4.25/style-guide.html#naming-conventions.

L09 - Dead Code Elimination

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L265

Description

Functions that are not used in the contract, and make the code's size bigger.

```
decrement
```

Recommendation

Remove unused functions.

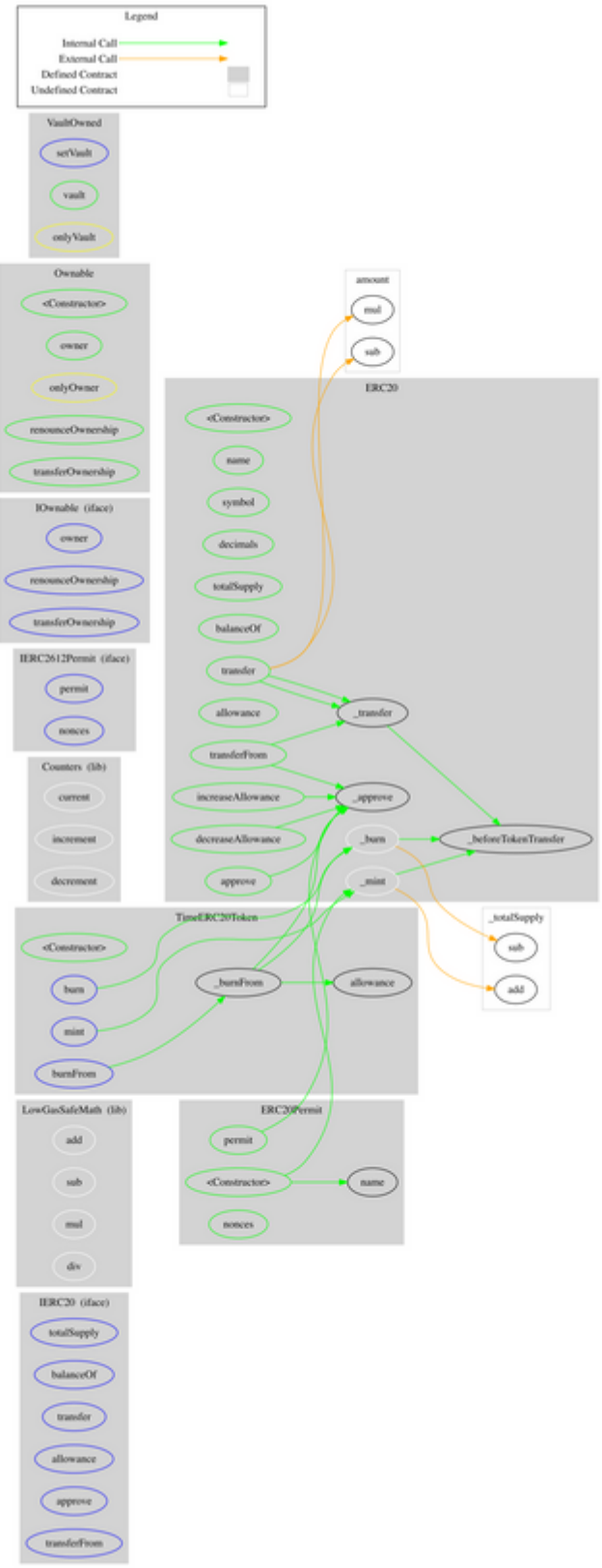
Contract Functions

Contract	Type	Bases		
	Function Name	**Visibility**	**Mutability**	**Modifiers**
IERC20	Interface			
	totalSupply	External		-
	balanceOf	External		-
	transfer	External	✓	-
	allowance	External		-
	approve	External	✓	-
	transferFrom	External	✓	-
LowGasSafeMath	Library			
	add	Internal		
	sub	Internal		
	mul	Internal		
	div	Internal		
	add	Internal		
	sub	Internal		
ERC20	Implementation	IERC20		
	<Constructor>	Public	✓	-
	name	Public		-
	symbol	Public		-
	decimals	Public		-
	totalSupply	Public		-
	balanceOf	Public		-
	transfer	Public	✓	-
	allowance	Public		-
	approve	Public	✓	-
	transferFrom	Public	✓	-
	increaseAllowance	Public	✓	-

	decreaseAllowance	Public	✓	-
	_transfer	Internal	✓	
	_mint	Internal	✓	
	_burn	Internal	✓	
	_approve	Internal	✓	
	_beforeTokenTransfer	Internal	✓	
Counters	Library			
	current	Internal		
	increment	Internal	✓	
	decrement	Internal	✓	
IERC2612Permit	Interface			
	permit	External	✓	-
	nonces	External		-
ERC20Permit	Implementation	ERC20, IERC2612Permit		
	<Constructor>	Public	✓	-
	permit	Public	✓	-
	nonces	Public		-
IOwnable	Interface			
	owner	External		-
	renounceOwnership	External	✓	-
	transferOwnership	External	✓	-
Ownable	Implementation	IOwnable		
	<Constructor>	Public	✓	-
	owner	Public		-
	renounceOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	transferOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
VaultOwned	Implementation	Ownable		

	setVault	External	✓	onlyOwner
	vault	Public		-
TimeERC20Token	Implementation	ERC20Permit, VaultOwned		
	<Constructor>	Public	✓	ERC20
	mint	External	✓	onlyVault
	burn	External	✓	-
	burnFrom	External	✓	-
	_burnFrom	Internal	✓	

Contract Flow



Domain

Domain Name	shielddao.financial
Registry Domain ID	515e85c778ba473595d63f205b5456f9-DONUTS
Creation Date	2022-06-28T08:00:31Z
Updated Date	2022-07-03T08:01:03Z
Registry Expiry Date	2023-06-28T08:00:31Z
Registrar WHOIS Server	whois.godaddy.com/
Registrar URL	http://www.godaddy.com/domains/search.aspx?ci=8990
Registrar	GoDaddy.com, LLC
Registrar IANA ID	146

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There is no public billing information, the creator is protected by the privacy settings.

Summary

The Smart Contract analysis reported one critical severity issue. The contract owner has the authority to mint tokens. If the contract owner abuses the mint functionality, then the contract will be highly inflated.We state that the owner privileges are necessary and required for proper protocol operations. Thus, we emphasise the contract owner to be extra careful with the credentials. A multi-wallet signing pattern will provide security against potential hacks. Temporarily locking the contract or renouncing ownership will eliminate all the contract threats. The fees are fixed to 3%.

Disclaimer

All the content provided in this document is for general information only and should not be used as financial advice or a reason to buy any investment.

Cyberscope team provides no guarantees against the sale of team tokens or the removal of liquidity by the project audited in this document. Always Do your own research and protect yourselves from being scammed.

The Cyberscope team has audited this project for general information and only expresses their opinion based on similar projects and checks from popular diagnostic tools. Under no circumstances did Cyberscope receive a payment to manipulate those results or change the awarding badge that we will be adding in our website.

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About Cyberscope

Coinscope audit and K.Y.C. service has been rebranded to Cyberscope.

Coinscope is the leading early coin listing, voting and auditing authority firm. The audit process is analyzing and monitoring many aspects of the project. That way, it gives the community a good sense of security using an informative report and a generic score.

Cyberscope and Coinscope are aiming to make crypto discoverable and efficient globally. They provide all the essential tools to assist users draw their own conclusions.



The Cyberscope team

https://www.cyberscope.io